
Question 1

Complexes I and II each transfer electrons to _____.

- A) Membranes
- B) Cytosol
- C) Intermembrane space
- D) Zn^{2+}
- E) CoQ

Question 1

Complexes I and II each transfer electrons to _____.

- A) Membranes
- B) Cytosol
- C) Intermembrane space
- D) Zn²⁺
- E) CoQ

Question 2

Which complex is unable to pump protons across the mitochondrial membrane?

- A) Complex I
- B) Complex II
- C) Complex III
- D) Complex IV
- E) All the complexes are able to pump protons.

Question 2

Which complex is unable to pump protons across the mitochondrial membrane?

A) Complex I

B) Complex II

C) Complex III

D) Complex IV

E) All the complexes are able to pump protons.

Question 3

Which of the following is true for cytochrome c oxidase complex?

- A) It donates electrons to O₂
- B) It accepts electrons from Cytochrome c
- C) It pumps two protons out of the mitochondrial matrix
- D) All of the above

Question 3

Which of the following is true for cytochrome c oxidase complex?

- A) It donates electrons to O₂
- B) It accepts electrons from Cyt c
- C) It pumps two protons out of the mitochondrial matrix
- D) All of the above

Question 4

Which of the following is NOT produced during the electron transport chain?

- A) Carbon dioxide
- B) Water
- C) ATP
- D) NAD⁺
- E) FAD

Question 4

Which of the following is NOT produced during the electron transport chain?

A) Carbon dioxide

B) Water

C) ATP

D) NAD⁺

E) FAD

Question 5

Which of the following steps of the electron transport chain directly drives ADP phosphorylation?

- A) Proton flow through ATP synthase along a concentration gradient.
- B) Proton pumped against the concentration gradient.
- C) The oxidation of $\text{NADH} + \text{H}^+$.
- D) The oxidation of FADH_2 .
- E) The formation of water molecules.

Question 5

Which of the following steps of the electron transport chain directly drives ADP phosphorylation?

A) Proton flow through ATP synthase along a concentration gradient.

B) Proton pumped against the concentration gradient.

C) The oxidation of NADH + H⁺.

D) The oxidation of FADH₂.

E) The formation of water molecules.

Question 6

Cyanide acts as a poison because it inhibits complex IV, making it unable to transport electrons. How would cyanide poisoning affect the electron transport chain and the proton gradient across the inner mitochondrial membrane?

- A) The electron transport chain would speed up, and the gradient would become stronger
- B) The electron transport chain would stop, and the gradient would decrease
- C) Both the electron transport chain and the gradient would stay the same
- D) The electron transport chain would be re-routed through complex II, and the gradient would become weaker

Question 6

Cyanide acts as a poison because it inhibits complex IV, making it unable to transport electrons. How would cyanide poisoning affect the electron transport chain and the proton gradient across the inner mitochondrial membrane?

- A) The electron transport chain would speed up, and the gradient would become stronger
- B) The electron transport chain would stop, and the gradient would decrease
- C) Both the electron transport chain and the gradient would stay the same
- D) The electron transport chain would be re-routed through complex II, and the gradient would become weaker

Further Practice:

- <https://www.khanacademy.org/science/revision-term-1-tg-botany-class-12/x4896182c249a2390:week-2/x4896182c249a2390:respiration/e/etc-and-oxidative-phosphorylation-1> (this page includes 4 different short sets of questions)
- <https://www.andrew.cmu.edu/course/03-231/MCQF05/MCQLec30.htm>
- <https://quizlet.com/195104764/quiz-16-electron-transport-chain-flash-cards/>
- https://apbio1516.weebly.com/uploads/5/8/5/6/58561837/cell_resp_with_key.pdf